Searching for Information

The Searching Process-How do I start?

When faced with a task that requires you to search for information, it can be quite overwhelming. Here are some important things to think about:

- 1. What information am I specifically looking for?
- 2. Where should I begin to look for the information I need?

Identify Keywords

- When conducting a search, it is really important to think about what you need and/or want to know
- Write down your topic, important words from your topic, and synonyms or any related words.
- Topic: Do video games influence children to become aggressive?
- 1. What are some important words in this topic?
- 2. What are some synonyms or related words?



Now you have some keywords to help with your search

Where Can I Locate Information?

In order to locate information, you can think about using the following:

- 1. An Internet Search Engine (like Google, Yahoo, Bing, etc.)
- 2. A Database (in this case you have library databases to use)

Now the question is ...what is the difference?

Why Can't I Just Google?

- Although Google can provide a lot of information, it is better to use a library database for more accurate information that you need to research
- If you do use Google, you want to pay close attention to where the information is coming from (domain-.gov, .org., .com), who wrote it, and whether or not the information is accurate.
- Here is a link to <u>RADCAB</u> which allows you to evaluate online information
- Remember the information on Google is not reviewed; therefore, there is no way to ensure that it is accurate.



What are Boolean Operators?

- Boolean Operators are words (AND, OR, NOT) that allow you to make your search more specific and direct
- Boolean Operators can help you to either narrow or expand your search when you are using more than one word to search for information
- Let's take a closer look at what each one does....



Boolean Operator-AND

- AND-helps to NARROW the search and DECREASE search results by ensuring both terms are found in the search result. If both terms not found, then it will not appear as a search result.
- Example: Television and Violence

Boolean Operator-OR

- OR-expands your search because it will look for results with at least one of the words. It will BROADEN your search and INCREASE results.
- Example: Violence OR Television

Boolean Operator-NOT

- NOT is another Boolean Operator
- Place NOT before a keyword to exclude it from your search
- Can help with keywords that may have multiple meanings

Example: violence NOT television

Combining Boolean Operators

• Parentheses can keep the searches in order.

Example: violence AND (children OR television)

In this example, resources will contain the word *violence* and at least one of the words in the parentheses

Exact Phrase Searching

Use **quotation marks** ("") to have search results return the exact words in those quotes

Example: "violence on television"

What is a Library Database?

 A library database is an electronic resource with organized collections of information from journals, magazines, newspapers and.or books. A person searching a database can input information such as subject, author, keyword, etc. to narrow down his or her search information (<a href="http://library.reynolds.com/http://librar

What types of Databases are available?

- Databases vary depending upon a public library setting, school setting, and grade level setting.
- A list of some databases at Avon High School include:

ABC-CLIO, Gale, WebPath Express, ProQuest Literature, and World Book Advanced

Library Database vs. Google-What I Need to Know!

Library Database

- Although a library pays for a database, it is free for you as a student to use
- The information is credible and reliable because it is analyzed by publishers.
- Information is updated and reviewed regularly
- Information that was once found can be retrieved at a later point

Google

- Google is free to anyone and everyone with Internet access
- Information might not be credible because it is not reviewed ahead of time.
- Information is not updated regularly and/or reviewed
- Information and websites
 constantly change and/or are
 deleted so you may not be able to
 easily locate previously used
 information

Information taken from-http://libguides.reynolds.edu/c.php?g=143583&p=939857

Library Database vs. Google (cont.)

Library Database

- The Advanced Search options allow for relevant information based upon the content being searched
- Databases provide options to help you cite the information at the end of the article to include in your paper

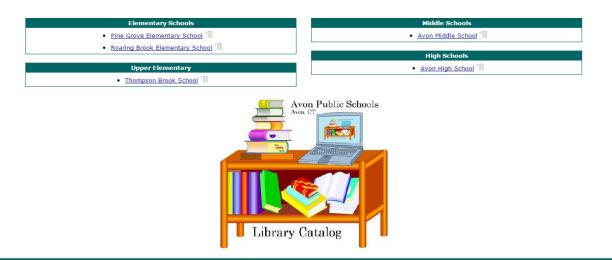
Google

- Advanced Search options may not always yield precise information needed because there is so much information available
- After gathering all the information, you would need to input it into EasyBib to create a citation

Information taken from: http://libguides.reynolds.edu/c.php?g=143583&p=939857

Locate the Library Databases

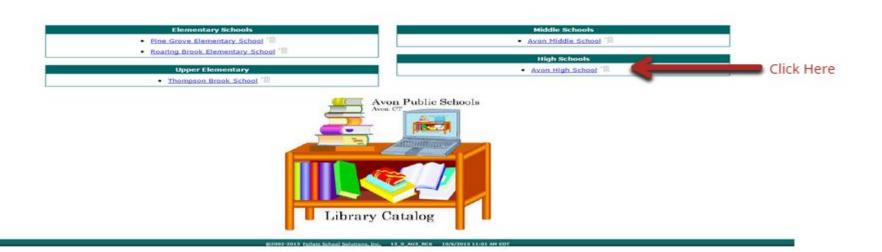
- Locate the Destiny icon on your Desktop and login using your Network ID
- Your screen will look like this:



©2002-2015 Follett School Solutions, Inc. 13_0_AU3_RC6 10/6/2015 11:01 AM EDT

Locating Databases

• Click Avon High School Link



WebPath Express in Destiny

- WebPath Express is a new search engine in Destiny
- Find the Catalog Tab on the top and click on it
- Locate WebPath Express (third tab down on left hand side) and click on it
- Enter a search topic into the search box.

Locating e-Books about Your Topic

- You can search for the e-Books through the Destiny catalog
- You can either enter in a keyword with your topic or you can even enter in a company name (ABC-CLIO, GALE, etc.) from the e-Book list to see if anything matches your topic